Bisma The Journal of Counseling

Volume 6 Number 3, 2022, pp 322-328 ISSN: Print 2598-3199 – Online 2598-3210 Undiksha – IKI | DOI: 10.23887/bisma.v6i3.51124 Open Access https://ejournal.undiksha.ac.id/index.php/bisma



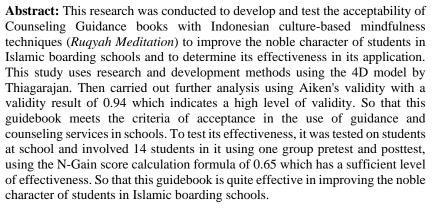
Rational Emotive Behavior Counseling with Mindfulness Techniques (*Ruqyah Meditation*) to Increase The Noble Character of Students

Ach. Firman Ilahi^{1*}), Kadek Suranata², I Ketut Dharsana³ ¹²³Universitas Pendidikan Ganesaha *Corresponding author, e-mail: ach.firman@undiksha.ac.id

Received October 02, 2022; Revised October 30, 2022; Accepted November. 10, 2022; Published Online 2022-12-30

Conflict of Interest Disclosures:

The authors declare that they have no significant competing financial, professional or personal interests that might have influenced the performance or presentation of the work described in this manuscript.



Keywords: guide book; rational emotive behavior therapy; noble character



This is an open access article distributed under the Creative Commons 4.0 Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited. ©2022 by author

How to Cite: Ach. Firman Ilahi^{1*}), Kadek Suranata², I Ketut Dharsana³. 2022. Rational Emotive Behavior Counseling with Mindfulness Techniques (*Ruqyah Meditation*) to Increase The Noble Character of Students. Bisma, 6 (3): pp. 322-328, DOI: 10.23887/bisma.v6i3.51124

Introduction

In Islamic boarding schools, religious knowledge and noble character are highly respected as a form of application of Islamic teachings (Ihsan, 2021). Students in Islamic boarding schools (*Santri*) are a group of individuals staying in Islamic boarding schools which are on the task of seeking knowledge (Safi'I, 2022). Islamic boarding schools have certain rules and restrictions on their students (Ritonga, 2020). In Islamic boarding schools teaching and learning activities are arranged in such a way that the 24-hour activities are regular and well-scheduled. Therefore, the position of education in the formation of students' noble character is very important and also as the spearhead in the effort to make humans with physical and spiritual qualities (Mansir, 2022). This is because it relates to the goals and hierarchy of education itself. Educational institutions are the development of noble character (Fitriani, 2019).

Based on the results of direct observations by researchers, there are some students who have bad moral habits (*morals*) this take place continuously in the boarding school environment (Kaso, 2019). Morality itself becomes the identity of a student, so wherever santri have to use noble character in every job and action and also their daily activities (Tambak, 2020). It is very ironic if a student does not have noble character (Parinduri, 2020). It's like disrespecting elders, disrespecting teachers, being disrespectful, speaking dishonestly, etc (Negash, 2022).

This happens because of several things, including the failure of a system, namely the lack of guidance and counseling services in schools or in boarding schools (Hanafi, 2021). Guidance and counseling itself has a very urgent role in overcoming or being a solution to psychological and other problems that occur in a student (Karaman, 2021). In certain circumstances this guidance is used as a method or tool to achieve the objectives of the educational program in the Islamic boarding school (Shofwan, 2019). The following is the basis why it is important to hold a guidance and counseling service program, some of them are: first, there are educational and teaching problems that cannot be resolved by teachers as teachers, then, there is a conflict between students and teachers that requires a third party (Galea, 2020). Holistically, the selection of educational programs in modern Islamic boarding schools consists of the following areas:

- 1. In the field of curricular education is the main core activity in the framework of the process of equipping students with various treasures of knowledge.
- 2. In the field of administration which has a function as the management and controller of all fields of activity and activities in Islamic boarding schools.
- 3. In the field of coaching or counseling services for students whose function is to provide assistance or treatment or services to students. (Tolib, 2015)

Based on the explanation above, it is important to develop a guidebook for rational emotive behavior counseling guidance to cultivate the noble character of students in Islamic boarding schools (Luo, 2022). The researcher hopes that students can improve their noble character as students in Islamic boarding schools (Zainal, 2022). So that they stay true to their identity and have a high moral attitude both in the Islamic boarding school or when they enter the community (Anggadwita, 2021).

This research uses rational emotive behavior therapy as the choice. In (Bastomi & Aji, 2018) According to Gerald Corey Rational Emotive Behavior therapy is problem solving that focuses on aspects of thinking, judging, deciding, directive without dealing more with the dimensions of the mind than with the dimensions of feeling. Rational Emotive Behavior Therapy (REBT) at its time differed from other mainstream therapies, especially in the importance of discussing placing and adapting how clients think (O'Donohue, 2022).

Mindfulness techniques (*ruqyah meditation*) as a technique. In (Sardi et al., 2021) mindfulness is a condition with attention and awareness of current events. Mindfulness shows the quality of being clearly aware of the current experience as opposed to the state of mindlessness which is a state of lack of wakefulness from an individual habit or automatic function that can make an individual chronic (Waskito et al., 2018)

In (Sya'roni, 2018) stated that Ruqyah in practice can be interpreted operationally as a healing effort carried out by a Muslim by asking Allah for healing either for himself or for others by reading authentic Al-Quran verses taught by Rasulullah SAW.

The final goal of this research is to increase the noble character of students in Islamic boarding schools. Ibn Miskawaih (W. 421 H/1030 AD), a leading and ancient moral expert, briefly stated that *Akhlak* or morality is a trait that is embedded in oneself that can make it possible to carry out an action without needing more thought and more consideration (Nurhayati, 2020).

Method

The method in this research using research and development design, using the 4-D development model by Thiagarajan (1974) the stages in this 4-D model are the Define, Design, Develop, and Disseminate stages.

The first one is Define Phase this is a preliminary study in this research to develop initial ideas. Needs analysis as the basis for developing a guidebook product that focuses on improving the morals of students in Islamic boarding schools.

The second is Design stage, this design stage has four stages. According to Thiagarajan (1974:7) several stages are constructing criterion-referenced tests or compiling test criteria, then media selection, preferred format, and initial design. Of course, it has been adjusted to the results of the research and the arrangement already in this guidebook.

Third is the development stage, at this stage, is the development stage involving expert appraisal and development testing.

The last is Dissemination stage is the stage of disseminating the results. After adjusting and making improvements.

This guidebook research involved several assessors. The assessors consisted of five experts in Islamic counseling and ruqyah practitioners as well as a counseling teacher at SMP 1 Ibrahimy to test the acceptability of this guidebook. Then use 14 sampel of Ibrahimy junior high school students to test its effectiveness.

This analysis is continued by calculating the score obtained by using the aiken or aiken's V coefficient validity formula in (Hendryadi, 2017) with the following formula:

$$V = \sum S/[n(c-1)]$$

(Source: Aiken, 1985)

Description:

S = r - lo

Lo = the lowest score

C = the highest score

R = the score given by the evaluator

To calculate the increase and also the effectiveness of a manual, the N-gain formula is used to determine the extent to which the results obtained between before and after being given treatment and produced pretest and posttest scores:

The following formula can be used in (Amalia putri, 2016)

```
N-Gain = \frac{Posttest \ Score-Pretest \ Score}{Ideal \ Score-Pretest \ Score}
```

The results of the calculation of n gain are then reprocessed in the form of a percentage so that it is known how effective it is.

Results and Discussion

The results of the assessment of this book which involved 5 experts in assessing the rational emotive behavior guidebook with mindfulness techniques (*ruqyah meditation*) based on Indonesian culture to improve the noble character of students in Islamic boarding schools. Then it is calculated using aiken's V formula as follows:

								pere	0 4 4 5	emen		10	
		Judges											
		R 1	R2	R3	R4	R5	s1	s2	s3	s4	s5	∑S	V
nt mber	1	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	20	1
	2	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	18	0,9
	3	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95
Point Numb	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95

Table 01.	Expert J	Judgement	Score
-----------	----------	-----------	-------

(Rational Emotive Behavior Counseling with Mindfulness Techniques (Ruqyah Meditation)...)

5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95	
6	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95	
7	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95	
8	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95	
9	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95	
10	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95	
11	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	18	0,9	
12	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	18	0,9	
13	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95	
14	5	4	5	5	4	4	3	4	4	3	18	0,9	
15	5	5	4	5	3	4	4	3	4	2	17	0,85	
16	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	19	0,95	
17	4	5	5	5	4	3	4	4	4	3	18	0,9	
18	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	20	1	
								Av	erage	;		0,94	

Content validity with the coefficient V formula from Aiken is a formula for calculating more detailed validation by calculating the acceptability range of a test result. From the results of calculating the validity using the Aiken validity coefficient formula, it is known that the acceptability level of each item has an average score of 0.94 which indicates very high validity.

Furthermore, at the experimental or testing stage for research subjects, the formula of n-gain or normalized gain is used to know whether there are significant results or to identify improvement between before and after the test.

RESULT OF N-GAIN SCORE

Ν	Pre-test	Post-test	Pos-Pre	Ideal Score (100)-Pre	N- Gain	N-Gain percent
1	62	89	27	38	0,711	71,05
2	78	92	14	22	0,636	63,64
3	78	95	17	22	0,773	77,27
4	43	73	30	57	0,526	52,63
5	76	89	13	24	0,542	54,17
6	76	99	23	24	0,958	95,83
7	90	99	9	10	0,900	90,00
8	71	99	28	29	0,966	96,55
9	73	89	16	27	0,593	59,26
10	53	81	28	47	0,596	59,57
11	72	73	1	28	0,036	3,57
12	91	99	8	9	0,889	88,89
13	44	48	4	56	0,071	7,14
14	83	99	16	17	0,941	94,12
	70,7143	87,4286	16,71429	29,28571429	0,653	65,264

Bisma The Journal Of Counseling, Open Access, https://ejournal.undiksha.ac.id/index.php/bisma

To identify the effectiveness, it was consulted and using the percentage gain from the n-gain score above based on the n-gain interpretation category Arikunto 1999 in (Nashiroh et al., 2020):

Table ()3. N-gair	ı Interp	retation
---------	------------	----------	----------

INTERPRETATION EFFECTIVITY	ON CATEGORY	OF	N-GAIN
PERSENTASE	INTERPRETATION	1	
<40	INEFFECTIVE		
40-55	LESS EFFECTIVE		
56-75	MODERATELY EF	FECTIV	Έ
>76	EFFECTIVE		

It can be seen that the guidebook for rational emotive behavior counseling with mindfulness techniques (*ruqyah meditation*) based on Indonesian culture to improve the noble character of students in Islamic boarding schools is quite effective in its application in alleviating these problems that has 65,264%. This is evidenced by the percentage which is at 56-75%.

Conclusion

Based on the results of the discussion on the development of a guidebook for implementing rational emotive behavioral counseling with mindfulness techniques (*ruqyah meditation*) based on Indonesian culture to improve the noble character of students at this Islamic boarding school, the results are as follows: the results of calculating the scores given by experts is a very high validity meaning so that its acceptability is also high. So that it can be used in the implementation of guidance and counseling services. Furthermore, regarding the effectiveness of the guidebook the result has meaning of a guidebook for implementing rational emotive behavioral counseling guidance with mindfulness techniques (*ruqyah meditation*) is quite effective to improve the noble character of students in Islamic boarding schools.

Acknowledgment

This This research has been supported by Kadek Suranata and Ketut Dharsana. The researcher expresses his deepest gratitude for fully supporting the realization of this research. Thanks also to the schools concerned for giving permission to carry out this research.

References

- Amalia putri. (2016). Jurnal Bimbingan Konseling Indonesia. *Jurnal Bimbingan Konseling Indonesia*, 1(1), 19. https://doi.org/10.24036/XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
- Anggadwita, G., Dana, L. P., Ramadani, V., & Ramadan, R. Y. (2021). Empowering Islamic boarding schools by applying the humane entrepreneurship approach: the case of Indonesia. *International Journal of Entrepreneurial Behavior & Research*.
- Bastomi, H., & Aji, M. A. S. (2018). Konseling Rational Emotif Behaviour Theraphy (Rebt)-Islami (Sebuah Pendekatan Integrasi Keilmuan). *KONSELING EDUKASI "Journal of Guidance and Counseling," 2*(1), 25–45. <u>https://doi.org/10.21043/konseling.v2i2.4465</u>
- Fitriani, S. (2019). Pendidikan Karakter Sebagai Upaya Menciptakan Akhlak Mulia Siswa Sekolah Dasar. ELSE (Elementary School Education Journal): Jurnal Pendidikan Dan Pembelajaran Sekolah Dasar, 3(2), 229–238. <u>https://doi.org/10.30651/else.v3i2.3011</u>

- Galea, S., Merchant, R. M., & Lurie, N. (2020). The mental health consequences of COVID-19 and physical distancing: the need for prevention and early intervention. *JAMA internal medicine*, *180*(6), 817-818.
- Hanafi, Y., Taufiq, A., Saefi, M., Ikhsan, M. A., Diyana, T. N., Thoriquttyas, T., & Anam, F. K. (2021). The new identity of Indonesian Islamic boarding schools in the "new normal": the education leadership response to COVID-19. *Heliyon*, 7(3), e06549.
- Hendryadi, H. (2017). Validitas Isi: Tahap Awal Pengembangan Kuesioner. Jurnal Riset Manajemen Dan Bisnis (JRMB) Fakultas Ekonomi UNIAT, 2(2), 169–178. https://doi.org/10.36226/jrmb.v2i2.47
- Ihsan, M. N., Ahmad, N., Hasanah, A., & Suhartini, A. (2021). Islamic boarding school culture climate in forming the religious attitude of islamic students in modern and agrobusiness islamic boarding schools. *Nazhruna: Jurnal Pendidikan Islam, 4*(2), 362-382.
- Karaman, M. A., Eşici, H., Tomar, İ. H., & Aliyev, R. (2021). COVID-19: Are school counseling services ready? Students' psychological symptoms, school counselors' views, and solutions. *Frontiers in Psychology*, 12, 647740.
- Kaso, N., Aswar, N., Firman, F., & Ilham, D. (2019). The Relationship between Principal Leadership and Teacher Performance with Student Characteristics Based on Local Culture in Senior High Schools. *Kontigensi: Jurnal Ilmiah Manajemen*, 7(2), 87-98.
- Luo, D. (2022). Research on the implementation path of ideological and political education in private colleges and universities under the network environment. *Journal of Environmental and Public Health*, 2022.
- Mansir, F. (2022). The Position of Islamic Education According to the National Educational System in Indonesia: Islamic Education. *Progresiva: Jurnal Pemikiran dan Pendidikan Islam*, 11(01), 43-54.
- Nashiroh, P. K., Ekarini, F., & Ristanto, R. D. (2020). Efektivitas Penerapan Model Pembelajaran Kooperatif Tipe Jigsaw Berbatuan Mind Map terhadap Kemampuan Pedagogik Mahasiswa Mata Kuliah Pengembangan Program Diklat. Jurnal Pendidikan Teknologi Dan Kejuruan, 17(1), 43. https://doi.org/10.23887/jptk-undiksha.v17i1.22906
- Negash, M., Lechissa, M., & Bishaw, A. (2022). Affective Dispositions Developed by Amhara Region Primary School Prospective Teachers.
- Nurhayati. (2020). Akhlak Dan Hubungannya Dengan Aqidah Dalam Islam. 289–309.
- O'Donohue, W., & Chin, F. T. (2022). Meta-science and the Three Waves of Cognitive Behavior Therapy: Three Distinct Sets of Commitments. In *Behavior Therapy* (pp. 53-81). Springer, Cham.
- Parinduri, M. A., Karim, A., & Lestari, H. (2020). Main Values of Toba Muslim Batak Culture in Moral Education Perspective. *Karsa: Journal of Social and Islamic Culture*, 28(1), 121-140.
- Ramdhani, E. P., Khoirunnisa, F., & Siregar, N. A. N. (2020). Efektifitas Modul Elektronik Terintegrasi Multiple Representation pada Materi Ikatan Kimia. *Journal of Research and Technology*, 6(1), 162–167.
- Ritonga, M. (2020). The existence of yellow books (Kitab kuning) as the sources of islamic studies at islamic boarding schools within the industrial revolution dialectics. *Available at SSRN 3752816*.
- Safi'i, A. (2022). Management in Shaping the Self Efficacy Santri of Islamic Boarding School Panggung Tulungagung. *EDUTEC: Journal of Education And Technology*, 6(1), 150-160.
- Sardi, Budianto, Pranata, J., & Suryanti. (2021). Penerapan Konseling Realita dan Mindfulness Untuk Mengatasi Kenakalan Remaja Pada Siswa Broken Home. Jurnal HUMMANSI (Humaniora, Manajemen, Akuntansi), 4(1), 48–59.
- Shofwan, I., Tri, J., Raharjo, A., Rifai, R. C., Fakhruddin, F., Sutarto, J., ... & Umanailo, B. (2019). Nonformal learning strategy based on tahfidz and character in the primary school. *International Journal of Scientific & Technology Research*, 8(10), 1987-1992.
- Sya'roni, khusnul khotimah. (2018). Psikologi Islam. Nucleic Acids Research, 34(11), e77-e77.
- Tambak, S., Humairoh, S., Noer, M. A., & Ahmad, M. (2020). Internalization of Riau Malay Culture in Developing the Morals of Madrasah Ibtidaiyah Students. *Al Ibtida: Jurnal Pendidikan Guru MI*, 7(1), 69-84.
- Tolib, A. (2015). Pendidikan Di Pondok Pesantren Modern Oleh: Dr. Abdul Tolib. *Jurnal Risaalah*, 1(1), 60–66. http:/jurnal.faiunwir.ac.id
- Waskito, P., Loekmono, J. T. L., & Dwikurnaningsih, Y. (2018). Hubungan Antara Mindfulness dengan Kepuasan Hidup Mahasiswa Bimbingan dan Konseling. Jurnal Kajian Bimbingan Dan Konseling, 3(3), 99–107. <u>https://doi.org/10.17977/um001v3i32018p099</u>
- Zainal, S. (2022). The Impact of Anti-Violence Law on Changes in Santri Organization at Modern Islamic Boarding Schools (Pesantren). *Idarah (Jurnal Pendidikan dan Kependidikan)*, *6*(1), 27-36.

Article Information (Supplementary)

Conflict of Interest Disclosures:

Counseling

The authors declare that they have no significant competing financial, professional or personal interests that might have influenced the performance or presentation of the work described in this manuscript.

First Publication Right: BISMA The Journal of

Copyrights Holder: < Ilahi > <2022>

http://dx.doi.org/ 10.23887/bisma.v6i3.51124

Open Access Article | CC-BY Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License. Word Count:

